Influence of Natural Hazards on the Development of Touristic Regions in Bosnia and Herzegovina and the World

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Abstract: Natural processes on earth, which are causing lose of human lives and great material damage, are called dangerous natural processes or natural hazards. Most frequent natural hazards are: storms, floods, earthquake, landslides, volcanic eruptions etc. The size and frequency of these processes are depending by the following factors: climate characteristics, geological structure, geomorphological and vegetation complex. Every day the size of the population on Earth and usage of resources is increasing in larger communities (for example cities), and are leading to an increase of dangerous natural processes. This trend is more emphasised today and most of the people are living today in regions where very often natural hazards are present. In all economic activities, especially in tourism, there is a presence of significant uncertainty of natural hazards and there possible consequences economy, geocology and society as a whole. The newest events in world that are caused by natural hazards are assuring us that safety of residence has become a priority in tourism development planning. The risk is more and more present and is representing fights turning point for the new touristic costumers. Touristic regions and touristic destinations are more and more often starting their campaigns with assuring that the residence on those destinations are safe and without risk. In this paper it will be shown how natural hazards are influencing and reflecting on the tourism development in touristic worlds and B&Hs regions.

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