Geographic, Geological and Geomorphologic Position of Cursed Mountains

Qazim Bajra*

University of Prishtina, Faculty of Education 10000 Prishtine – Kosova

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Abstract: Cursed Mountains (Bjeshket e Namuna) represent the morphotectonic unit with its quite prominent natural borders, which are distinguished from all other border units such as: Albanian Alps to the West, Graben lowland of “Dukagjini” plain to the South, “Kopaoniku” and Rogozna” mountains range to the East, and tectonic valley of “Iber” river to the North. For the purposes of this study, there are used several researching methods such as the quantitative, analysis, synthesis, comparative, and empiric ones etc, which have enabled the generalization of the present study and its credibility. According to this, based on the details analysis of the morphologic and morphogenetic framework, there are required further and deeper studies in order to have a more complete view of the chronology of problems arisen during the morphotectonic evolution and of the genetic types of their relief. In addition, preliminary measures are required to be taken for preventing or avoiding the slope’s natural phenomena and for protecting the numerous natural potentials that dominate on Cursed Mountains, including the climate, water, flora, and fauna, which are also quite developed in this Western part of Kosovo.

Key Words: Cenozoic, Geomorphology, Cursed Mountains, Magma, Neogene, Fauna, Flora, Amplitude, Pliocene.

*Corresponding: E-mail address: qazimbajra48@hotmail.com, Tel.:+381390361200